COMMUNITY BASED ADAPTATION PROJECT MINUTES OF THE SECOND BOARD MEETING HELD VIA TELECONFERENCE AT UNDP EEG NY-USA 06 APRIL 2010

Agenda Item	Areas of Presentation and Discussion	Issues Noted/Discussed/Presented	Follow up Actions Responsible Persons/entities		
Welcome Remarks	The chair started by apologizing for the late start and wished everyone a fruitful discussion.				
2009 Progress Highlights	Outcome 1: Enhance adaptive capacity allows communities to reduce their vulnerability to adverse impacts of future climate hazards	A total of 58-60 projects will be implemented Project development targets achieved in 5 out of 10 countries in 2009, and achieved in 2 more countries, total of 7 out 10, in 2010.	Project targets needs to be indicated. PM		
	Outcome 2: National policies and programmes promote replication of best practices derived from CBA projects	A National Steering Committee with Director General or above level is in place in 9 out of 10 countries (non-existent in Bangladesh). A report for lessons learned on initial application of VRA and M&E toolkit were developed and disseminated.			
		Lessons learned reports were disseminated in conferences and workshops in Nairobi, Jamaica, Bangladesh, and Tanzania, as well as UNV/UNDP stock-taking workshops.			
	Outcome 3: Cooperation among member countries promotes innovation in adaptation to climate change including variability	Discussions have been made with the GEF Secretariat to ensure CBA experiences guide future GEF interventions on adaptation to climate change including variability. Global website exists to avail project information and			
		progress to internal and external stakeholders.			

Work Plan for 2010	Outcome 1: Enhance adaptive capacity allows	PMU to produce a CBA M&E guidance document to strengthen the capacity of country teams in the	
WOLK I IAII 101 2010	communities to reduce their vulnerability to adverse impacts of future climate hazards	technical understanding of adaptation and the importance of CBA specific GEBs, VRAs, and IAS indicators	
		How to integrate "volunteerism into adaptation" to be included in future project proposals.	
		Strengthening the technical understanding of adaptation in the country teams to ensure proposals are technically sound and follow the GEF SPA rules	The work plan should be
		Field an MTR and implement major findings. Compile PIR/APR as prescribed	presented in tabular form in which all activities are aligned to the outcomes in the project
		Develop knowledge products, logistical support to CBA countries and run project website	document. This has now been captured in this minute.
	Outcome 2: National policies and programmes promote replication of best practices derived from CBA projects	Continuous capacity building to ensure CBA M&E procedures are implemented including VRA working paper, feedback on proposals, concepts, and individualized support to country programmes	It was observed that deadliness and internal Mechanisms to check that all CBA projects are
		Provide editorial support to country level knowledge products to ensure materials follow UNDP communication guidelines	delivering are factored into the matrix for the future. Action PMU.
		Track national and project level indicators (VRA, IAS &CBA project specific ones.	
	Outcome 2: Committee among manhan	Organize training of NC based on the periodic findings of portfolio reviews	The meeting agreed that an
	Outcome 3: Cooperation among member countries promotes innovation in adaptation to climate change including variability	Lessons learned reports will be compiled in 2010 for i.) two projects (ICO in Bolivia and JCDT in Jamaica), and ii.) Five projects in FAN and Natura in Bolivia, Bunkers Hill and CSG in Jamaica, and CEB in Niger) and iii) two projects in Namibia (OIKE and CES)	evaluation be done to identifying countries not producing and reallocate funds to the needed ones. GEF representative confirmed that this is in order. (Action PMU)
		Redesign CBA Web site to be more interactive and update KM parts.	

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		Review of KM strategy and implement topical insights/discussion bi-monthly	
		Share CBA knowledge and products in conferences, regional meetings and workshops	
		Translate Country project proposals and instructional guidance documents to English from country offices that produce in Spanish and French	
Key Lessons	These were enumerated as follows:		
	-Limited knowledge on Climate Change Adaptation amongst policy makers and communities	The meeting observed that notable success has been achieved so far in the project with key tangible results.	These efforts should continue in the next year of work plan. (Action PMU)
	- Understanding baseline and CC drivers does not require a total problem analysis		(Action 1 MC)
	-Volunteerism in CBA activities is crucial and is useful in getting community participation and cooperation.		
	- Administering VRA requires one to observe group dynamics, composition, representation and time.		
	- Development of knowledge products is slow when dealing with communities.		
	-There is need for increased support from Environmental focal points of CO to broker partnerships within countries.		
	- CBA activities need to up scaled using other adaption related programmes in countries and regions.		
	-There is need for better and complimentary linkages of CBA with poverty, Millennium Villages, and Disaster Risk Reduction programmes.		

Key Challenges	These were presented as follows:		
	-Outcome indicators not understood by community -Accuracy of the baseline needs to be reflected on benchmarking	The meeting noted that these key challenges are important and as much as possible be brought to bear in the next work plan of the project.	It was explained that most of the challenges have been re-casted into specific actions to be taken forward into the 2010 work plan.
	-Challenge in combining methodological tools that are already in common practice(i.e. the VRA with other PRA tools) -Linking quantitative scores and qualitative		A workshop is planned in mid- May 2010 to train UNVs in technical aspects and KM product development
	information generated from Participatory M&E -Lack of understanding in the country teams on adaptation is evident		UNV will support and contribute towards this by raising awareness and understanding of the VRA and IAS at the national and local level.
	-Lack of VRA understanding leads to provision of scores without contextual details	A portfolio analysis of CBA projects will further help in	
	-Proposals often do not explicitly explain how the CBA-specific GEBs (land degradation and biodiversity) will be secured in the face of climate change.		resolving many of them. Action PMU.
	- Concepts often insufficiently explain how activities proposed contribute to adapting to specific climate change risks.		
	- Knowledge products at the country level do not always explain and articulate the mission of the CBA project.		

Resources Mobilized and Project Financing	Updates on the current project financing	SPA: \$4.5m contribution; \$3.8m will be used life-to-date by the end of 2010 UNV: \$1.2m; \$413k will be used life-to-date by end of 2010 as currently assessed Government of Japan- \$400k for Niger and Namibia; will all be spent by end of 2010 Government of Switzerland - \$190k for Kazakhstan and Central Asia; will be spent by 2011 AusAID - \$375k for Pacific countries; will be all spent by 2010	Updates on this should be presented in all board meetings in the future and should specify exactly what came in the year. Action PMU.
Annual Progress	Discussion centered on the terms of references	Formulated based on the CBA outputs and	Agreed that the next APR should
Report (APR)	section that highlighted the attainment of	outcomes from project document.	clearly capture UNV contributions. Action PMU.
	objectives and planned results, achievements of outputs and activities, cost effectiveness of project,	Lacking reporting on UNV contribution	contributions. Action PMU.
	impacts-replicability and sustainability,	specifics, i.e.: output 1.3 and output 2.2 need to	
	stakeholder participation and country ownerships,	incorporate percentage contribution from UNV's	
	financial planning and monitoring and evaluation.	on these elements.	

Briefing from GEF Secretariat and Observations.	ow-casing/Campaigning for CBA should be more aggressive and should be made more public.	Impressed with the collaboration of partners and noted that results are evidence following SGP mechanism. In addition, it was noted that time is ripe to make the CBA activities more public. Fully agreed with the SGP/CBA/UNV partnerships as very strong and delivers.	It was recommended that CBA should support in the organization of side events at the GEF assembly by supporting and identifying participating government representative to the meeting.
	She noted that in the GEF 5 SCCF window, a request for up to 1 billion dollars was made and she is hopefully that a conservative figure of \$ 0.5 billion will be the least amount expected in line with the discussion with the GEF CEO.	Resource mobilization efforts with GoJ and other partners are impressive. She noted that CBA will be under SCCF GEF window in GEF 5 instead of the current SPA. However, she noted that SCCF does not have substantive political support but also gives room for not demonstrating GEB.	To develop specific information packages to donors who demonstrate integration of CBA into national programmes and advocacy materials on Knowledge Management?
	Concerns were raised in view of the proliferation of papers coming of the IIED led initiative which do not follow the APF process and convention guidelines. Specifically She observed: - Saleem advertises CBA giving perception that it is IIED's projects and not giving credit to funding organizations such as GEF and the implementing organization (UNDP/GEF). - An unethical behavior on IIED's part which harms the organizations responsible for the projects and		CBA should feature and get high profile side event representation in the COP 16 Meeting. UNDP agreed to invest to correct this perception although it has very little resources' to do so. Innovative ways will have to be found. Action UNDP.
Comments on the	- GEF is invited all the time to IIED's workshops to be a participant rather than a speaker, when the projects belong to GEF and UNDP. The meeting acknowledges that this move was	The UNV representative requested to provide inputs	The TOR should be shared with

Mid Term Review	Iid Term Review welcomed and appreciated the detailed coverage. to capture volunteerism issues and relay observation						
TOR		in a week.	requirements are considered and				
			also if it is in line with the				
		He also noted that the MTR will provide avenues to	upcoming SPA evaluation. Action				
		revisit the Japanese funding into the CBA if indeed	PMU/UNV.				
		this need will come clear from the review.					
Scaling up of CBA in	The need to have the good lessons scaled up in the	In Brief, the meeting agreed that a proposal should be	It was further agreed that the project				
the GEF 5	future was flagged by the Technical advisor and the	submitted by the project based on the current	should explore windows within				
	GEFSEC representative noted that she had given it	outcomes by initially doing a half pager to be included	government funding that are				
	details consideration in her briefing.	in the council meeting in a box form in a similar	devolved at community levels.				
	manner the SIDS and Food Security have been done.						
	To better position CBA consideration in the SCCF						
		window of GEF 5.	partner in the new proposal				
AOB	No other business was raised.						
There being no other business, the meeting adjourned at 10.30 AM.							

Members Present

- 1.) Boni Biagini- GEF Secretariat
- 2.) Ghulam Isacz UNV Headquarters
- 3.) Mahamane Baby UNV Headquarters
- 4.) Pradeep Kurukulasuriya UNDP, EEG- NY, USA- Chairperson
- 5.) Charles Nyandiga UNDP, CBA-NY, USA
- 6.) Anna Lisa Jose UNDP, CBA-NY, USA Taking Notes

Signed by	Chairperson:	 	 	 	 	 • • • • •
Dated :		 	 	 	 	

Members Absent with Apology

1. Delfin Ganapin-UNDP-SGP GEF, Global Manager